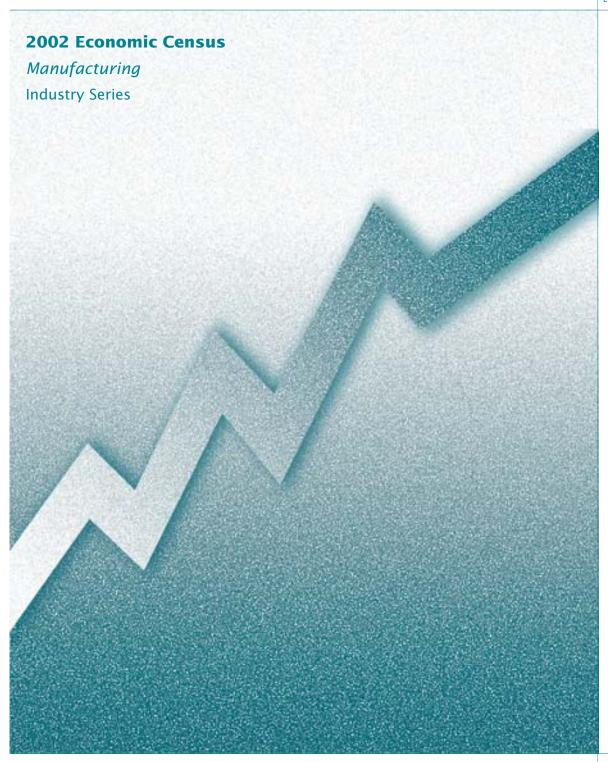
Plastics Material and Resin Manufacturing: 2002

Issued September 2004

EC02-311-325211





Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All	All employees		Production workers				Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year ¹	Com- panies ²	estab- lish- ments ³	Number ⁴	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ⁴	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)		expendi- tures (\$1,000)
325211. Plastics material and resin											
manufacturing2002	442	688	67 596	3 857 493	43 600	90 877	2 277 549	17 128 498	30 969 806	47 891 204	2 398 228
2001	N	N	59 316	3 461 364	37 819	80 261	2 068 079	15 085 962	30 688 571	46 375 547	1 842 700
2000	N	N	63 250	3 578 852	39 806	87 138	2 126 391	18 359 353	34 405 943	52 215 459	2 244 111
1999	N	N	62 287	3 499 089	38 504	84 477	2 001 607	18 596 239	28 391 871	46 528 851	3 741 855
1998	N	N	62 789	3 297 106	37 412	83 176	1 834 182	19 071 252	25 832 676	45 028 829	3 430 616
1997	299	530	61 632	3 160 542	38 078	83 556	1 798 060	17 625 910	27 750 752	45 225 887	2 923 891

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments ²		All employees		Production workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
325211, Plastics material and resin manufacturing												
United States. California Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Kentucky Louisiana Massachusetts Michigan. Missouri	1 - 1 - - -	688 65 19 23 43 22 20 23 23 30 4	498 33 11 17 37 15 17 20 18 22 3	67 596 2 339 858 1 606 3 483 3 257 2 185 3 966 946 2 548 141	3 857 493 102 332 34 094 73 071 188 783 196 219 149 448 265 221 44 327 150 045 5 659	43 600 1 663 631 1 076 2 460 2 389 1 450 2 435 549 1 303 118	90 877 3 448 1 341 2 036 5 025 3 893 4 093 5 258 1 117 2 730 206	2 277 549 62 294 19 968 39 625 121 732 139 324 79 204 161 366 19 594 66 035 4 513	17 128 498 286 169 165 498 236 054 1 140 399 1 335 492 603 500 951 155 149 680 445 925 29 658	30 969 806 645 378 183 810 424 235 1 384 634 1 065 718 1 178 649 3 220 748 347 317 888 068 64 183	47 891 204 941 927 343 962 665 330 2 499 192 2 333 943 1 766 862 4 222 235 497 476 1 326 000 92 697	2 398 228 39 922 8 650 18 741 70 991 108 347 60 880 371 310 12 124 48 776 2 437
New York North Carolina Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas West Virginia	1 2 2 1 -	13 30 37 10 74 5	8 22 30 7 63 5	439 2 188 3 313 1 003 18 990 3 005	20 672 103 874 173 709 49 960 1 243 887 187 382	288 1 592 1 988 702 10 631 2 070	636 3 261 4 213 1 561 22 607 4 384	10 356 65 861 93 705 31 426 688 244 124 492	42 688 450 395 524 908 216 678 5 784 871 940 095	52 843 570 426 977 762 287 424 12 725 516 1 035 581	99 665 1 017 463 1 501 424 504 283 18 407 338 1 969 227	3 479 50 228 41 314 19 402 1 180 234 86 713

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
325211, Plastics material and resin manufacturing	
Companies ¹ number,.	442
All establishments ²	688 190 339 159
All employees³ number. Total compensation \$1,000. Annual payroll \$1,000. Total fringe benefits \$1,000.	67 596 4 953 411 3 857 493 1 095 918
Production workers, average for year	43 600 43 852 43 852 43 631 42 972
Production worker hours	90 877 2 277 549
Total cost of materials \$1,000. Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used \$1,000. Resales \$1,000. Purchased fuels \$1,000. Purchased electricity \$1,000. Contract work \$1,000.	30 969 806 27 853 334 413 563 1 189 972 1 008 922 504 015
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	24 851 627 11 132 024
Total value of shipments \$1,000. Primary products value of shipments \$1,000. Secondary products value of shipments \$1,000. Total miscellaneous receipts \$1,000. Value of resales \$1,000. Contract receipts \$1,000. Other miscellaneous receipts \$1,000.	47 891 204 40 245 070 7 027 613 618 521 480 451 44 061 94 009
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industries \$1,000.	85 45 599 173 40 245 070 5 354 103
Coverage ratiopercent.	88
Value added \$1,000.	17 128 498
Total inventories, beginning of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	4 820 615 3 057 546 437 573 1 325 496
Total inventories, end of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	5 082 679 3 265 113 437 106 1 380 460
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year \$1,000 Total capital expenditures (new and used) \$1,000 Buildings and other structures (new and used) \$1,000 Machinery and equipment (new and used) \$1,000 Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use \$1,000 Computers and peripheral data processing equipment \$1,000 All other expenditures for machinery and equipment \$1,000 Total retirements \$1,000 Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year \$1,000	48 715 615 2 998 228 280 587 2 117 641 22 219 79 971 2 015 451 2 032 261 49 081 582
Depreciation charges during year	2 163 286
Total rental payments \$1,000 Buildings and other structures \$1,000 Machinery and equipment \$1,000	253 267 103 248 150 019
Total other expenses ⁴ \$1,000. Response coverage ratio ⁵ percent. Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery ⁴ \$1,000. Communications services ⁴ \$1,000. Legal services ⁴ \$1,000. Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services ⁴ \$1,000. Advertising and promotional services ⁴ \$1,000. Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services ⁴ \$1,000. Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services ⁴ \$1,000. Management consulting and administrative services ⁴ \$1,000. Taxes and license fees ⁴ \$1,000. All other expenses ⁴ \$1,000.	2 867 955 94 771 964 32 785 23 916 7 982 18 027 30 474 89 649 55 660 318 926 1 518 574

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All employees		Pr	oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total
		All estab- lish- ments ²	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
325211, Plastics material and resin manufacturing											
All establishments Establishments with — 1 to 4 employees. 5 to 9 employees. 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 100 to 29 employees 50 to 99 employees 50 to 499 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees or more	1	688 45 61 84 191 148 109 34 7 8	67 596 110 425 9 6 212 10 170 15 710 11 452 4 368 13 332 h	3 857 493 6 489 22 905 D 283 937 505 082 835 461 681 100 264 547 856 515 D	43 600 71 261 D 4 427 6 946 10 205 7 641 2 831 8 172 D	90 877 143 537 D 9 079 14 215 22 102 15 887 5 840 16 938	2 277 549 3 910 12 039 D 171 852 296 128 506 100 441 168 131 371 513 443 D	17 128 498 12 157 53 297 D 1 221 715 2 260 500 4 313 224 2 995 090 594 186 3 710 905 D	30 969 806 20 762 85 183 D 04 4 214 776 8 874 068 5 918 978 2 126 055 5 795 391 D	34 054 137 922 D 3 469 969 6 466 667 13 070 156 8 941 238 2 743 204 9 379 792 D	2 398 228 2 236 8 681 16 079 D 153 366 534 675 424 050 91 922 512 778 D
Administrative records ⁴	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or	Industry or primary product class	A.II	All em	ployees	Pr	Production workers			Total	Total	Total capital
product class code		All estab- lish- ments ¹	Number ²	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ²	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
325211	Plastics material and resin manufacturing	688	67 596	3 857 493	43 600	90 877	2 277 549	17 128 498	30 969 806	47 891 204	2 398 228
3252111 3252114	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials	378	49 715	2 830 571	32 792	68 954	1 729 271	13 027 115	25 710 386	38 541 952	1 627 384
0202114	materials	177	15 194	894 500	9 026	18 195	470 522	3 851 735	4 905 561	8 737 649	732 012

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

²Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of companies with		Product	shipments
Product code	Product	shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
325211	Plastics material and resin manufacturing	N N	X	X	45 599 173 45 833 316
3252111	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials	N N	X	X X	37 654 632 36 589 561
32521111	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials	N N	X	X X	37 330 747 36 589 561
3252111110	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, polyethylene mil lb 2002	168 N	X	S N	11 640 015
3252111120	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, polypropylene mil lb2002	105 N	X	S	5 761 414 N
3252111130	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, polystyrene	63 N	X X	⁹ 6 227.5 N	2 677 808
3252111140	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, polyvinyl chloride mil lb2002	73	x	⁹ 19 548.0	6 052 689
3252111150	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, polyester	N 51 N	X X X	P3 563.1 N	2 299 883
3252111160	Other thermoplastic resins and plastics materials	136	X X	X	8 898 938 N
3252111Y	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, nsk	N N N	X	X X X	323 885
3252111YWV	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials, nsk	N N N	X X	X X	323 885 N
3252114	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials	N N	X X	X X	7 328 017 8 722 920
32521141	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials	N N	X	X X	7 227 576 8 722 920
3252114110	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, phenolic	48 N	X X X	Ŝ	1 961 560
3252114120	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, urea	18 N	X	P4 299.8 N	423 770
3252114130	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, polyester mil lb 2002	51 N	x x x	S	1 575 439 N
3252114140	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, epoxymil lb. 2002	63 N	X	P1 312.9 N	1 074 566
3252114150	Other thermosetting resins and plastics materials	97 N	X	X	2 192 241
3252114Y	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, nsk	N N	X	X X	100 441
3252114YWV	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials, nsk	N N	x x	x x	100 441 N
325211W	Plastics material and resin manufacturing, nsk, total	N	X	X	616 524
325211WY	Plastics material and resin manufacturing, nsk, total	N N N	X X X	X X X	520 835 616 524 520 835
325211WYWW	Plastics material and resin manufacturing, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments	N N	×	×	616 524 520 835
325211WYWY	Plastics material and resin manufacturing, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	2 2 2	X	X	520 835

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

NAICS product class code	Product class and geographic area	Value of product shipments (\$1,000)
3252111	Thermoplastic resins and plastics materials	
	United States	37 654 632
	1997 California	36 589 561 590 346
	1997 Florida	544 766 214 455
	1997 Georgia	340 670 466 115
	1997. Illinois	517 759 1 833 825
	1997 Indiana	1 885 927 1 964 563
	1997 Kentucky	N 1 191 837
	1997. Louisiana	1 264 041 3 929 471
	Massachusetts 1997	4 668 917 378 289
	1997 Michigan	387 158 831 515
	1997. New York	581 825 24 419
	1997 . North Carolina	N 561 954
	1997 . Pennsylvania	507 380 1 154 713
	1997. Tennessee 2002.	988 094 1 167 096
	1997	1 206 176
	Texas	13 774 945 13 711 185
	West Virginia	1 771 459 1 916 565
3252114	Thermosetting resins and plastics materials	
	United States	7 328 017
	1997. California	8 722 920 319 390
	1997 Florida	396 235 236 543
	1997 Georgia	169 248 147 094
	1997 Illinois	194 720 359 905
	1997 Indiana	669 440 108 422 N
	1997 Kentucky	N 270 289
	1997 Louisiana	270 289 712 832 154 822
	1997 Massachusetts	163 505 88 933
	1997 Michigan	92 838 544 116
	1997 New York	750 772 97 762
	1997 . North Carolina	278 208 391 643
	1997 . Pennsylvania	483 195 231 289
	2002 Tennessee	330 052 101 847
	1997	97 294 2 197 750
	Texas	2 197 750 2 129 066

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
325211	Plastics material and resin manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials	x	27 853 334
32519207	1997 Styrene (100 percent basis)	X 7 234.6	25 258 266 1 893 689
32519205	Phenol (100 percent basis)	6 831.6 P1 512.2 1 608.4	1 741 936 429 879 543 411
32519229	Other cyclic crudes and intermediates (including melamine, phthalic anhydride, and benzene)	X	1 168 545 798 689
32519217	Synthetic organic dyes, pigments, lakes, and toners (100 percent basis)	S P9.0	47 897 20 165
32510043	Acrylates and methacrylates, monomers (100 percent basis)	2 245.3 S	857 096 1 343 042
32510037	Alcohols, excluding ethyl (100 percent basis)	3 178.7 1 945.9	571 763 407 457
32510041	Formaldehyde (100 percent HCHO)	493.3 P1 365.9	57 624 161 629
32510055	Rubber processing chemicals (accelerators, antioxidants, blowing agents, inhibitors, peptizers, etc.)		53 799
	1997.	XX	147 833
32510047	Vinyl acetate, monomer (100 percent basis)	1 193.5	309 529
32510049	Vinyl chloride, monomer (100 percent basis)	P1 066.5 11 757.6	290 928 1 857 101 1 469 781
325100A3	Other synthetic organic chemicals (including acrylonitrile and cellulose acetate)	6 822.4 X X	1 469 781 1 534 240 1 444 367
32411031	Ethane used as a raw material or feedstock	10 686.0	982 686
32411033	Ethylene used as a raw material or feedstock	^{q5} 983.5 20 516.5	539 850 3 839 488
32411035	Propane used as a raw material or feedstock	920 076.7 15 084.4 P4 162.5	4 519 540 1 293 356 516 133
32411037	Propylene used as a raw material or feedstock	9 369.0	1 632 018
32411043	Butadiene used as a raw material or feedstock	9 792.6 1 206.8	1 875 646 239 051
32411045	Other refined petroleum products used as a raw material or feedstock (butane, isobutane,	9595.8	126 792
	butylene, isobutylene, etc.)	P4 731.7 2 057.6	1 068 161 435 440
00190002	Other hydrocarbons used as raw materials or feedstocks (including crude oil, natural gas and still gas)	×	202 398
32521105	1997 Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders, liquids, etc	X	870 548 1 896 035
325000B7	1997 Inorganic chemicals,	X X X X	1 658 653 793 191
02000027	1997	x	660 285
32518200	Carbon black	126.7 P30.4	84 244 21 493
32500061	All other miscellaneous chemicals (including additives, driers, modifiers, biocides, and dispersants)	X	1 642 968
32220017	1997 Paper and paperboard containers (including shipping sacks and other paper packaging	X	N
	supplies)	X	245 705 125 204
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	ÿ	3 971 803
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	X X X	3 251 882 1 181 068 2 287 562

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.